

Development of manufacturing therapeutic platform for EVs derived from MSC using Tangential Flow Depth Filtration (TFDF®) and Tangential Flow Filtration (TFF)

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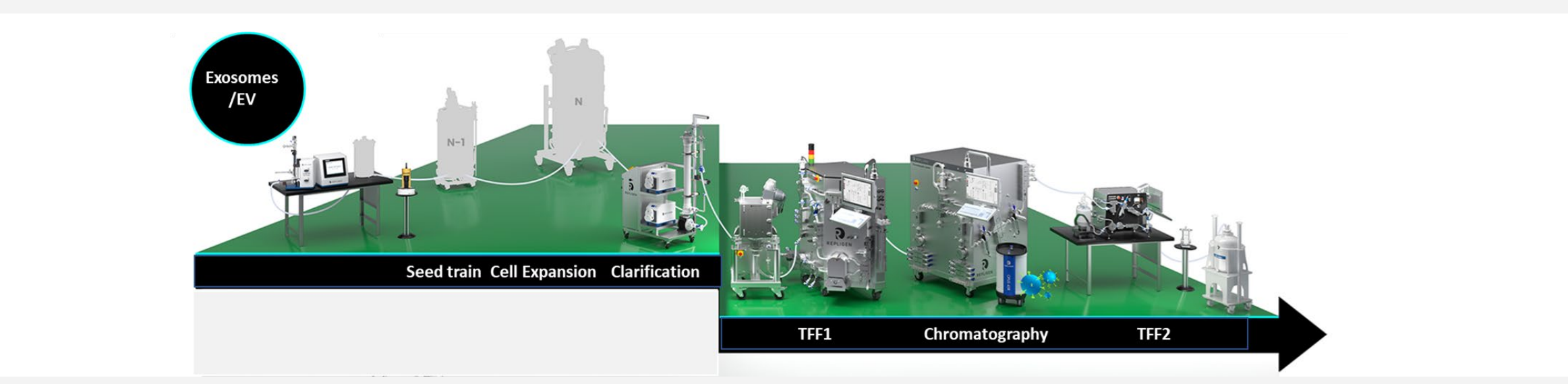
Introduction

There has been a growing demand in Extracellular Vesicle (EV) supply in recent years due to their emerging role as intercellular messengers and their therapeutic potential as targeted and natural drug delivery vehicles with high specificity and efficiency. The number of clinical trials investigating MSC-EVs as therapeutic and skincare agents has been increasing greatly over the years. The complexity and fragility of the EV products, scalability, yield, and purity of production processes are challenges to meeting demand. In this study, we used two scalable platforms to overcome those challenges.

Collaboration Objective

To deliver solutions for manufacturing of EVs using scalable and low shear technologies that enable cost-effective commercialization of these advanced therapies.

Advanced EVs Manufacturing Workflow



EV Industrial Platform

RoosterBio Upstream Platform

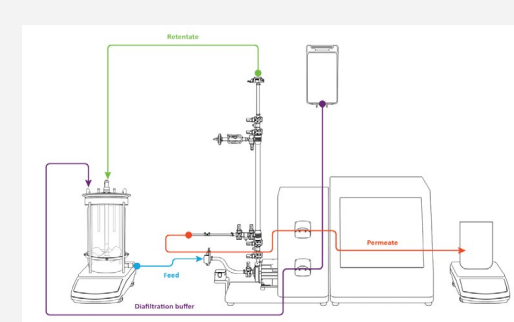
RoosterBio is an industry-leader in manufacturing high-quality hMSCs along with paired bioprocess medium formulations for cell growth and EV production



Repligen Downstream Platform

KrosFlo® TFDF® System

Operated in clarification mode
Enabling highly efficient and scalable, harvest clarification and concentration steps



- Large pore size easily transmits large particles such as EVs
- Enclosed, single-use solution
- Scalable from 1 – 2000L
- Eliminates need for centrifugation or depth filtration
- Fast set-up
- High filtration capacity
- High flux rates (>650LMH)
- Customizable flow path complete with sensors, tubing, and connectors.
- Automated process control logic

KrosFlo® KR21 TFF System

- Compatible with hollow fiber filters and flat sheet cassettes
- Fully integrated functionality, easy to use
- Log data and control tangential flow filtration operations with KF Comm software
- Interfaces with auxiliary scales and pumps for automated process control

Material and Method

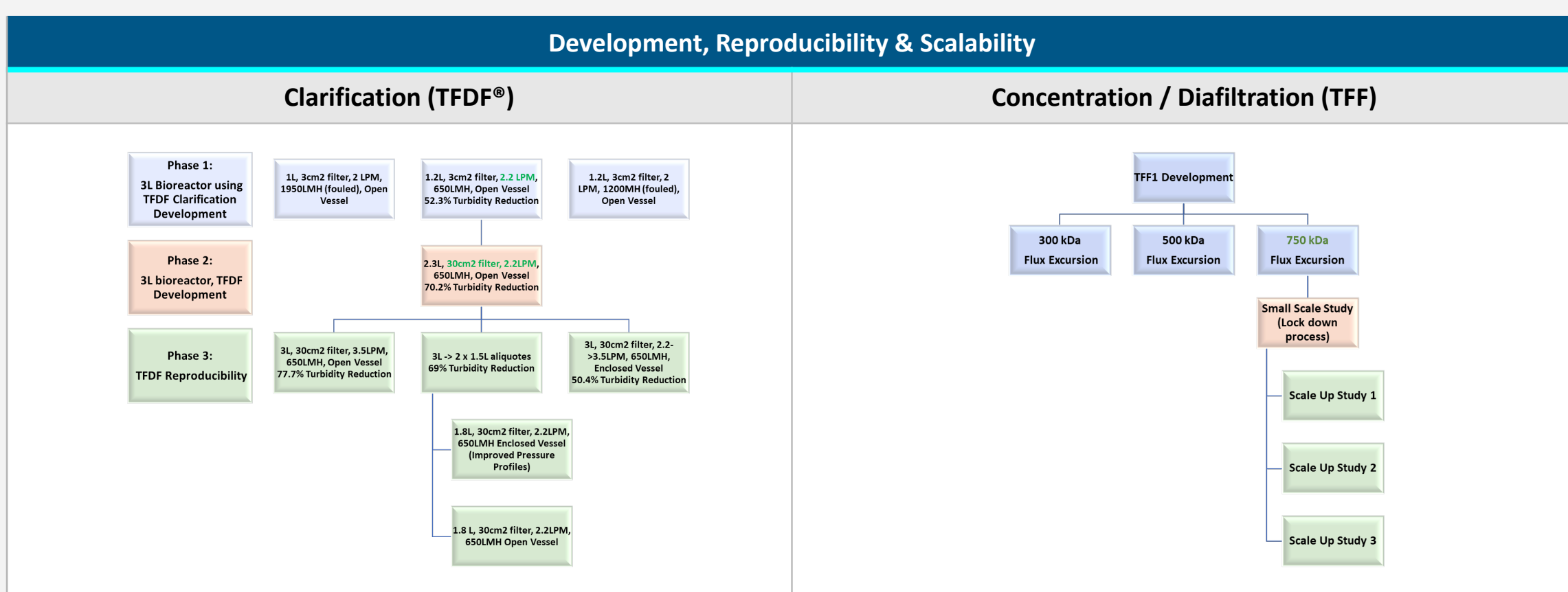
MSC-EVs were generated in a microcarrier-based bioreactor at 2L scale using RoosterBio xeno-free hMSCs (RoosterVial™ hMSC) coupled with RoosterBio MSC expansion media (RoosterNourish™-XF), and RoosterBio EV collection media (RoosterCollect™). Clarification was developed using tangential flow depth filtration (TFDF®) system, followed by concentration and formulation buffer exchange using a KrosFlo® KR21 tangential flow filtration (TFF) system.

For EV harvest clarification 3 cm² TFDF® filter with a pore size of 2-5 µm were used for development scale and 30 cm² TFDF® filter surface area were used for 3 L.

Hollow fiber filters with MWCO of 300, 500 and 750 kDa were used in TFF development scale with 115 cm² surface area and HF surface area of 790 cm² for processing larger scale.

EV Analytics: Critical Quality Attributes for EVs were evaluated through staining with lipid bound membrane dye, expression of EV specific tetraspanin markers (CD81, CD63 and CD9), miRNA content, DNA content and in vitro potency assay (wound assay).

Study Design Workflow

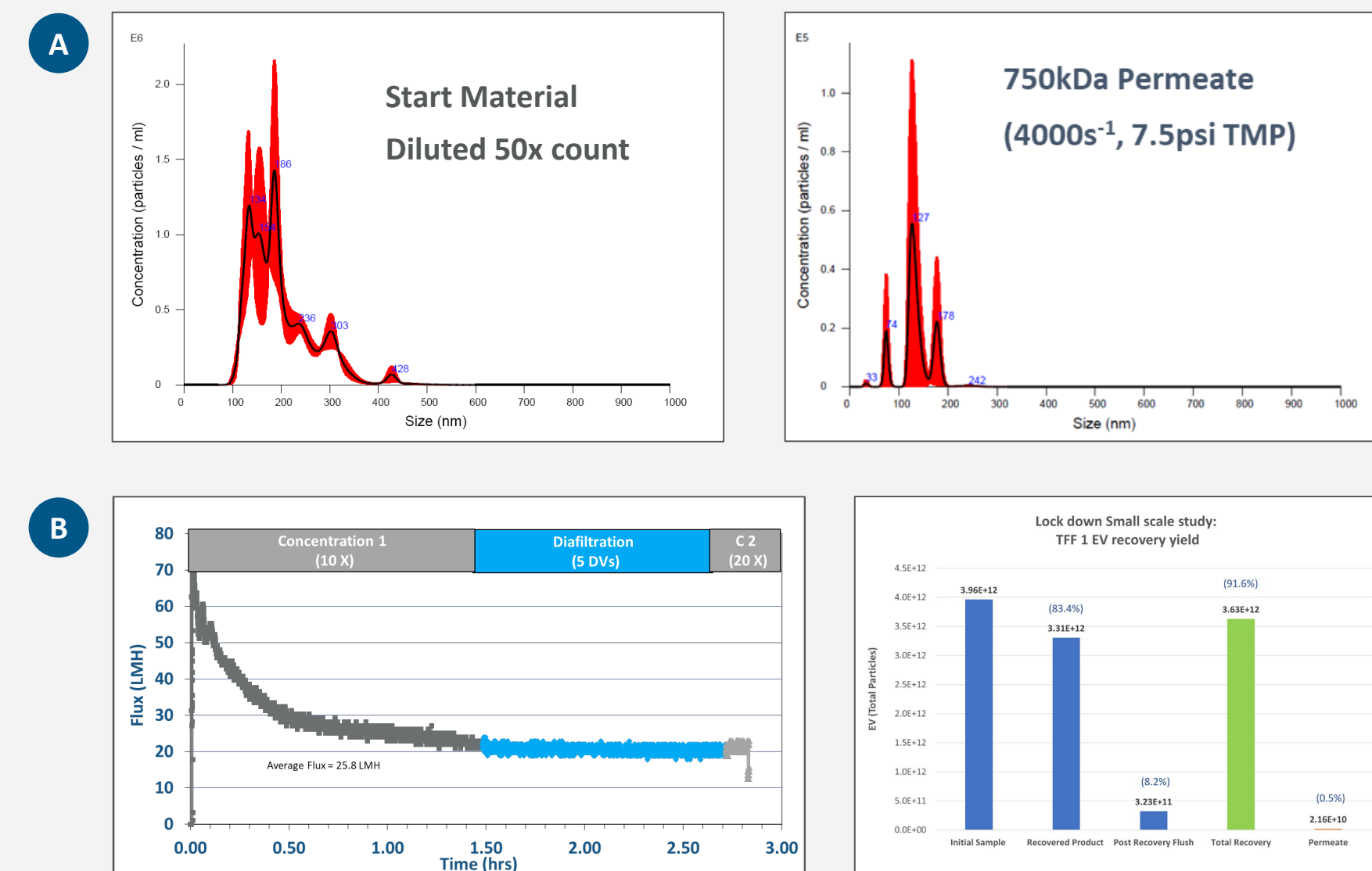


Results and Discussion

TFDF®: Harvest and clarification step				TFF: Concentration and diafiltration of clarified harvest																																						
Turbidity Reduction using TFDF				Filter Information and Process Parameters																																						
Run#	Phase	NTU Grade	NTU Post-TFDF	Filter Information and Process Parameters	Small Scale Study (Identified process parameters)	Scale Up Experiment 1	Scale Up Experiment 2	Scale Up Experiment 3																																		
1	1a	20.3	9.9	Type of Process	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)																																		
2	1a	23.5	12.9	Starting Turbidity	4.8 NTU	4.1 NTU	4.1 NTU	6.7 NTU																																		
3	1c	27.6	11.6	Filter MWCO	750kDa	750kDa	750kDa	750kDa																																		
4	2	19.6	5.9	Filter Chemistry	mPES	mPES	mPES	mPES																																		
5	3a	24.2	5.4	Filter Area	115cm ² (8.015m ²)	790cm ² (8.079m ²)	790cm ² (8.079m ²)	790cm ² (8.079m ²)																																		
6	3b	24.2	7.5	Volume Loaded	989mL	3.20L	3.68L	2.98L																																		
7	3c	13.5	6.695	Loading Ratio	59.6 L/m ²	41.2 L/m ²	45.6 L/m ²	37.7 L/m ²																																		
Key process parameters for EV clarification step, during the development phase, were identified using a 3 cm ² TFDF® system with a pore size of 2-5 µm and a recirculation rate of 2.0-2.2 LPM resulted in a high permeate flux of 650 LMH. Identified parameters can be scaled to a 2000 L bioreactor using 0.6 m ² TFDF® surface area with a throughput of 4000 L/m ² and a step time of less than 2.5 hours.				<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Small Scale Study</th> <th>Scale Up Experiment 1</th> <th>Scale Up Experiment 2</th> <th>Scale Up Experiment 3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Total Particles</td> <td>3.96E+12</td> <td>1.79E+13</td> <td>1.55E+13</td> <td>2.16E+13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Loading Ratio</td> <td>1.56E+15/m²</td> <td>2.27E+14/m²</td> <td>1.96E+14/m²</td> <td>2.73E+14/m²</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Shear</td> <td>4000s⁻¹</td> <td>4000s⁻¹</td> <td>4000s⁻¹</td> <td>4000s⁻¹</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TMP control</td> <td>Spd</td> <td>Spd</td> <td>Spd</td> <td>Spd</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Processing Steps</td> <td>C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X</td> <td>C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X</td> <td>C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X</td> <td>C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Process Time</td> <td>2.8h</td> <td>2.0h</td> <td>2.7h</td> <td>3.2h*</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Parameter	Small Scale Study	Scale Up Experiment 1	Scale Up Experiment 2	Scale Up Experiment 3	Total Particles	3.96E+12	1.79E+13	1.55E+13	2.16E+13	Loading Ratio	1.56E+15/m ²	2.27E+14/m ²	1.96E+14/m ²	2.73E+14/m ²	Shear	4000s ⁻¹	4000s ⁻¹	4000s ⁻¹	4000s ⁻¹	TMP control	Spd	Spd	Spd	Spd	Processing Steps	C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X	C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X	C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X	C1: 10 X D: 10 X C2: 20 X	Process Time	2.8h	2.0h	2.7h	3.2h*
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EV recovery yield of 86% comparable to the centrifugation control Short Process Step Time at all scales (<2hr) Sterile closed single-use solution for cell culture clarification 																																										

TFF Small development scale (0.5 L)

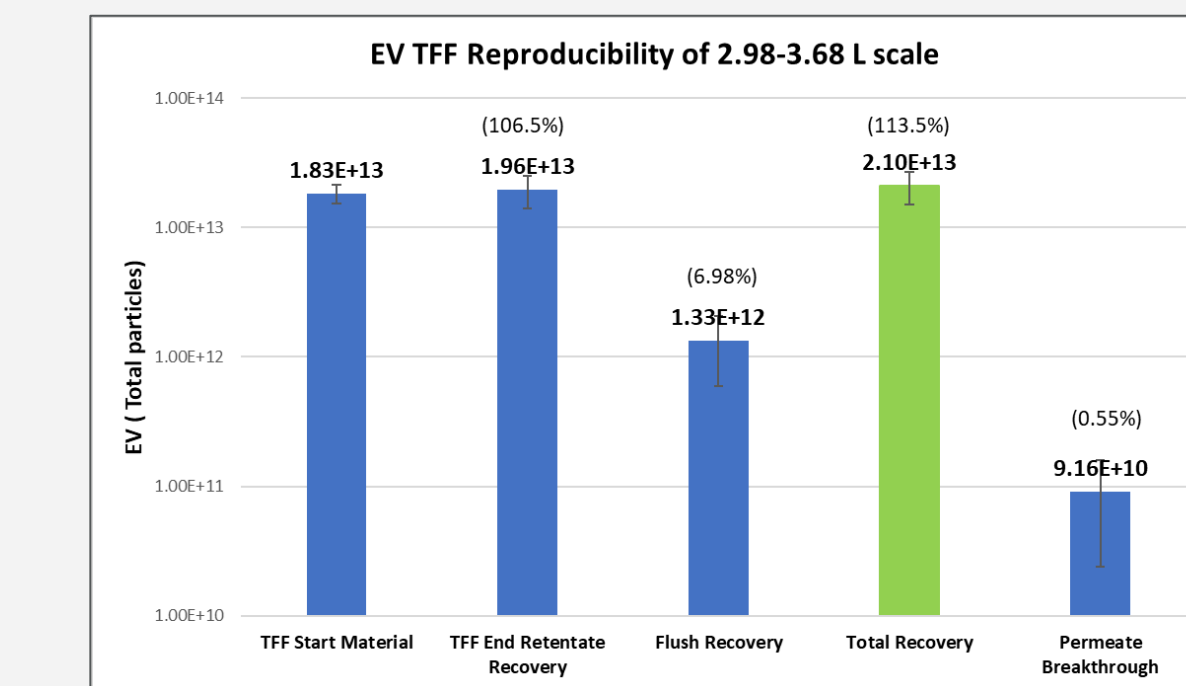
For concentrating the clarified harvest post TFDF®, flux excursions and retention experiments were performed to identify scalable operating conditions and the best membrane molecular weight cutoff.



<1% of EVs in Permeate, confirmed use of 750kDa

Scalable Process conditions were identified in Small development scale TFF
>90% process TFF step recovery yield

Scalability and reproducibility



Great reproducibility between the three runs
Development of Scalable Downstream Processing Platform for Therapeutic Extracellular Vesicles.

Purity	Identity	Potency
<p>Purity: Percent Lipid Bound (MEMGlow)</p> <p>Percent mRNA Retention</p>		<p>In-Vitro wound assay</p> <p>In an in vitro wound healing assay, wounds treated with EV samples generated through TFF induced >80% wound closure (compared to 100% positive control and ~40% negative control), indicating that the EVs generated in this process maintained their potency.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ~70% of particles generated in this process stained positive with lipid membrane dye (MemGlow), indicating that those particles are EVs and they maintained their integrity throughout the process. The developed downstream process cleared over 70% of DNA (impurity host DNA) without compromising on the generated EVs contain miRNA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> EVs generated from this process stained positive for EV specific tetraspanin markers (CD9, CD63, CD81) using western blot, further confirming the EV identity. Sample 1: Harvested conditioned media, Sample 2: TFDF®, Sample 3: TFF 	

Scalability of TFDF® and TFF downstream steps for EV

Benchtop development scale to commercialization scale

EV Harvest Clarification using TFDF® at different scales							
Filter	Filter Area (cm ²)	Typical Batch Size (L)	Recirculation Flow Rate (L/min)	Throughput @ 20% Expansion (L/m ²)	Permeate Flux (LMH)	Permeate Flow Rate (L/min)	Process Time (h)
TFDF® 30	30	3	3	1200	650	0.0325	1.85
TFDF-450	450	45	9	1200	650	0.488	1.85
TFDF-2100	2100	210	42	1200	650	2.2750	1.76

EV Concentration and Diafiltration using TFF at different scales				
Filter Information and Process Parameters	Small Scale Locked down process	Scale Up Process	Scalable Plan	Scalable Plan
Type of Process	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)	UFDF (C/D/C)
Filter Used	Spectrum MidiKros D02-E750-05-N	Spectrum MidiKros Sampler S02-E750-05-N	Spectrum KrosFlo Max X04-E750-05-N*	Spectrum KrosFlo Max X06-E750-05-N*
Filter MWCO (kDa)	750	750	750	750
Filter Chemistry	mPES	mPES	mPES	mPES
Filter Area (m ²)	0.0115	0.079	7.8	12.8
Volume Loaded (L)	0.583	4	240	600
Loading Ratio (L/m ²)	50.6	50.6	30.8	46.9
Process Time (hr)	2.8	2.8	1.8	2.8

Conclusion

- The identified optimal parameters yielded high EV recovery, while maintaining MSC-EV identity and potency as demonstrated by lipid membrane dye staining, positive EV markers (CD81, CD63 and CD9) and in vitro wound closure assay.
- The EV downstream clarification process step using KrosFlo® TFDF® System has been demonstrated a recovery yield of 86% comparable to the centrifugation and simplified the downstream process by eliminating secondary depth filtration step prior to TFF1
- High recovery yield (92%) of potent EVs was achieved both at small scale and large scale
- High flux for TFDF® and the TFF enables fast process time at all scale, less than 3 hours each downstream step
- This study clearly demonstrated that integrating automated scalable single used closed system platforms, TFDF® and TFF KR21, operated at an early development step simplified and de-risks the manufacturing process at large scale with a high recovery yield, identity, and potency of the EVs
- In this collaborative study, RoosterBio and Repligen successfully developed and advanced scalable EV bioprocessing